of educationists for the record of its progress during its seven years of existence.

(iv) Technical Education.

1055. Consequent on the Re-organisation of the State, two Polytechnic Institutions, one Technical Training Centre, one Vocational Institute for women and four Industrial-*cum*-Technical High Schools came into the fold of the Department of Technical Education. An aided Engineering College with Degree and Diploma courses in Engineering also came under the control of the Department.

1056. The number of technical institutions increased from 10 to 24 during the year, of which 18 were Government institutions and six aided.

1057. Under the Second Five-Year Plan, the outlay in 1956-57 was about Rs. 7·50 lakhs.

1058. Public Examinations were conducted in various technical courses both under New and Old Schemes. The total number of candidates successful in the Technical Public Examinations (both Diploma and Certificate courses) was 2,746. The number of candidates successful in the final examinations was 726, and Diplomas and Certificates were awarded to them by the Central Board of Technical Examinations.

1059. An expenditure of Rs. 1,20,000 was incurred for conducting the examinations while receipts realised by way of examination fee was Rs. 99,340. The expenditure slightly exceeded the receipts, as the examinations had to be held both under the Old and New Schemes.

1060. Government approved the proposal to recognise the Diplomas in Civil, Electrical and Mechanical Engineering awarded by the Department of Technical Education, Government of Bombay as equivalent to those awarded by the Central Board of Technical Examinations (Mysore) on a reciprocal basis.

1061. Government also approved to permit diploma holders to affix titles after their names.